

1) LOCATION

On part d'abord d'une localisation des différents éléments des îles britanniques sur une carte (distribuée aux élèves) :



On demande aux élèves de venir montrer sur un transparent les éléments suivants :

- England*
- Scotland*
- Wales*
- Republic of Ireland*
- Northern Ireland*
- London*
- Edinburgh*
- Cardiff*
- Dublin*
- Belfast*
- the English Channel*
- the Atlantic Ocean*
- the Irish Sea*

Cette localisation nous amènera à bien différencier l'Irlande du Nord et la République d'Irlande. Un point en historique en français sera sans doute nécessaire (on pourra le noter dans le cahier). On fera colorier en bleu les mers et en vert la république d'Irlande.

BEWARE ! On fera bien la différence entre les éléments suivants :

Colour the parts of (1) Great Britain, (2) the United Kingdom and (3) the British Isles



Great Britain



The United Kingdom



The British Isles

2) Ireland

On relocaliser l'île sur la carte et on proposera l'écoute d'un document sonore (Marion is talking about her country : Ireland. Listen to her and write down notes). Avant écoute, introduire "leaves", "cliff".

Script:

I come from Ireland. It's a small country in the west of Europe. It's just next to the United Kingdom.

The Irish flag has three colors: green, white and orange. You often see the Irish flag above important buildings like the government building, or the town hall.

One of the most important symbols of Ireland is the shamrock. The shamrock is a small green plant with three leaves, so the shamrock looks like a four leaf clover, but it only has three leaves, and they look like three hearts joined together.

In Ireland, the countryside is very beautiful. We have lots of lakes, mountains, beaches, and cliffs along the west coast, especially. Some of these cliffs are among the highest in Europe.

All around Ireland you can see lots of castles. We have a very long history in Ireland and there are many castles all over. Sometimes people still live in these castles. Sometimes, they are only for tourists to visit.

Recap: Marion is Irish; she comes from Ireland.

The Irish flag is green, white and orange. The symbol of the country is the shamrock. It has three leaves. It's also a luck symbol.

There are lots of lakes, mountains, beaches and cliffs in Ireland. There is a long history so there are a lot of castles.

Homework: draw the Irish flag and the Irish symbol in your copy book.

3) St Patrick's day

Introduction: St Patrick's day is the national Day in Ireland.

On distribue ensuite le vocabulaire:



ST PATRICK'S DAY WORKSHEET

Find the hidden words about St Patrick's Day and Ireland. You can find them vertically, horizontally or diagonally.

I	D	C	L	O	V	E	R
R	A	I	N	B	O	W	S
I	I	I	S	T	Z	U	E
S	G	R	E	E	N	A	T
H	O	E	G	J	X	I	P
P	R	L	E	O	H	N	A
O	M	A	E	D	L	P	T
T	L	N	V	L	R	D	R
H	S	D	L	A	U	U	I
I	T	K	A	K	V	C	C
S	H	A	M	R	O	C	K

IRISH   IRELAND

POT  GOLD

RAINBOW  GREEN

CLOVER  LUCK

PATRICK  SHAMROCK

Puis le texte de compréhension écrite:

ST PATRICK'S DAY

Saint Patrick's Day is celebrated every year on March 17th. St Patrick is the patron saint of Ireland, If you want to be lucky on St Patrick's Day, you must find a shamrock, wear green, kiss the Blarney Stone and catch a Leprechaun!

St Patrick chose the shamrock to symbolise the Holy Trinity, and today many people wear a shamrock to commemorate St Patrick's Day.

Leprechauns are Irish goblins. They are little old men dressed in green. They know the way to a pot of gold at the end of the rainbow. They are not very friendly and extremely difficult to catch.

The Blarney Stone is in Blarney Castle, County Cork, Ireland. It has magical properties.

← a leprechaun

a pot of gold -->



En classe, avec des prompts, on encouragera les élèves à poser des questions:

WHEN ? -> when is St Patrick's day? It's on the 17th of March.

WHO? -> Who is St Patrick ? It's the patron saint of Ireland.

WHAT? -> What must you do to be lucky? You must find a shamrock, kiss the Barnley Stone and catch a leprechaun!

WHY?-> Why did Patrick choose a shamrock? -> because it symbolises the Holy Trinity.

WHAT? -> What is a leprechaun ? It's a legendary small man dressed in green. They have a secret treasure: a pot of gold.

WHAT? -> What is the Barnley Stone? It's a magical stone in a castle.

Ces questions et les réponses constitueront la trace écrite.

La PRL portera sur la formation des questions avec BE et un mot interrogatif.